

Course Title/Grade: Science 2

2018 - 2019 Course Syllabus

Prince George's County Public Schools

<u>INSTRUCTOR INFORMATION</u>		<u>COURSE INFORMATION</u>	
NAME:		COURSE NUMBER:	
E-MAIL ADDRESS:		CLASS TIME:	
PLANNING TIME:		MEETING DAYS:	
SCHOOL:		ROOM:	
SCHOOL PHONE NUMBER:		STUDENT TEXTBOOK/DIGITAL RESOURCES:	Grade 2 Science Dimensions. (2017). Orlando, FL: Houghton Mifflin Harcourt. Digital Resource: Discovery Education Techbook™ Digital Textbooks.

Prerequisites: Science 1

Course Description: Second grade science students are actively engaged in a comprehensive science program as they build an understanding to make sense of the natural world through phenomenon-based instruction. Students will be interacting with content from different topics to include Earth and Space Science (ES), Life Science (LS), Physical Science (PS) and Engineering Design (ETS) Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs) from the Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS). Students are expected to develop an understanding of what plants need to grow and how plants depend on animals for seed dispersal and pollination. Students are also expected to compare the diversity of life in different habitats. An understanding of observable properties of materials is developed by students at this level through analysis and classification of different materials. Students are able to apply their understanding of the idea that wind and water can change the shape of the land to compare design solutions to show or prevent such change. Students are able to use information and models to identify and represent the shapes and kinds of land and bodies of water in an area and where water is found on Earth.

The Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs) of patterns; cause and effect; energy and matter; structure and function;

stability and change; and influence of engineering, technology, and science on society and the natural world are called out as organizing concepts for these disciplinary core ideas. Students are expected to demonstrate grade-appropriate proficiency with Science and Engineering Practices (SEPs) by asking questions, developing and using models, planning and carrying out investigations, analyzing and interpreting data, designing solutions, engaging in argument from evidence, and obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information. Students will conduct inquiry-based investigations through hands-on, digital and virtual laboratory experiences. Students will be introduced to various STEM careers while in grades K-12.

PGCPS Elementary Science Policy: Grades 2-5

Overview: The goal of grading and reporting is to provide the students with feedback that reflects their progress toward the mastery of the indicators and objectives found in the Science curriculum document.

Please note: For grades 3-5, the STEM fair process is designed for students to receive more than a single grade for the entire project. As such, various components of the STEM fair process can be used as classwork, homework and/or assessments.

Factors	Brief Description	Grade Percentage Per Quarter
Classwork	<p>This includes but is not limited to activities that involve:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Developing and using models • Engaging in argument from evidence • Individual and whole class discussions • Planning and carrying out investigations • Projects (include parts of the STEM Fair process) • Mandatory: 10% of classwork must be relevant hands-on and lab experiences • Asking questions (for science) and defining problems (for engineering) • Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information • Constructing scientific explanations (for science) and designing solutions (for engineering) 	45%
Homework	<p>This includes but is not limited to assignments that involve:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Developing and using models • Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information • Constructing scientific explanations (for science) and designing solutions (for engineering) 	15%
Assessment	<p>This includes but is not limited to assessments that involve:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pre/post assessments, final exams, quizzes, final essays/reports, portfolios • Analyzing and interpreting data, using mathematics and computational thinking • Oral or written evaluation that reflects the student's performance on a summary of a lesson, chapter or unit • Final STEM Fair projects should also be used as an assessment grade. For students that do not participate, teachers will develop an alternative assignment to assess. 	40%

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Course Sequence: At-A-Glance

Actual pacing may differ slightly due to individual school schedules/events, testing, and calendar modifications. In support of the shifts and demands of the Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS), the Science and Engineering Practices (SEPs) and the Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs) are integrated to deliver each topic taught.

*Each Unit focuses on making sense of Phenomena through the integration of 3- Dimensional teaching and learning. For purposes of our K-5 NGSS Curriculum, **Sense-making** is defined as "the process by which the learner actively engages with the natural or designed world; wonders about it; and develops, tests, and refines ideas with peers and the teacher." (Schwarz, Passmore & Reiser, 2017).*

Grade 2	
<p>Quarter One September 4, 2018 - November 2, 2018 (44 days) Content To Be Taught:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Developing a Model to Represent Shapes of Land and Bodies of Water • Identifying Where Water is Found on Earth by using maps • Providing evidence Earth events occur Quickly or Slowly 	<p>Quarter Two November 3, 2018 - January 25, 2019 (47 days) Content To Be Taught:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Comparing Multiple Solutions to Slow or Prevent Water from Changing the Shape of the Land • Analyzing Data to Compare Performance of Designs (<i>Engineering Design</i>) • Investigating to Describe and Classify Different Observable Properties of Materials • Analyzing Data to Determine Different Material Properties
<p>Quarter Three January 26, 2019 - March 28, 2019 (43 days) Content To Be Taught:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Constructing an Argument with Supporting Evidence about Why Heating and Cooling can be Reversed or Not Reversed • Observing How an Object Can Be Made, Disassembled and Made Into New Object • Investigating How Plants Need Sunlight and Water to Grow 	<p>Quarter Four March 29, 2019 - June 14, 2018 (46 Days) Content To Be Taught:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Developing a Model that Mimics the Functions of Animal Dispersing Seeds or Pollinating Plants • Developing a Drawing/Sketch or Model to Illustrate the Shape of Object and Its Functions to Help Solve a Problem (<i>Engineering Design</i>) • Observing Plants and Animals to Compare Diversity of Life in Different Habitats

Next Generation Science Standards Parents' Guide

<https://www.nextgenscience.org/> and <https://www.nextgenscience.org/parentguides>

As the Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS) are implemented in PGCPs, they will enable students to: Develop a deeper understanding of science beyond memorizing facts, and Experience similar scientific and engineering practices as those used by professionals in the field.

How can you support your child's success?

Although this new approach to teaching and learning K–12 science is different than the past, you can still actively support your child's success in the classroom!

1. Speak to your child's teacher(s) or principal about how these important changes affect your school.

2. Ask your child's teacher thoughtful questions based on the information provided in this syllabus.

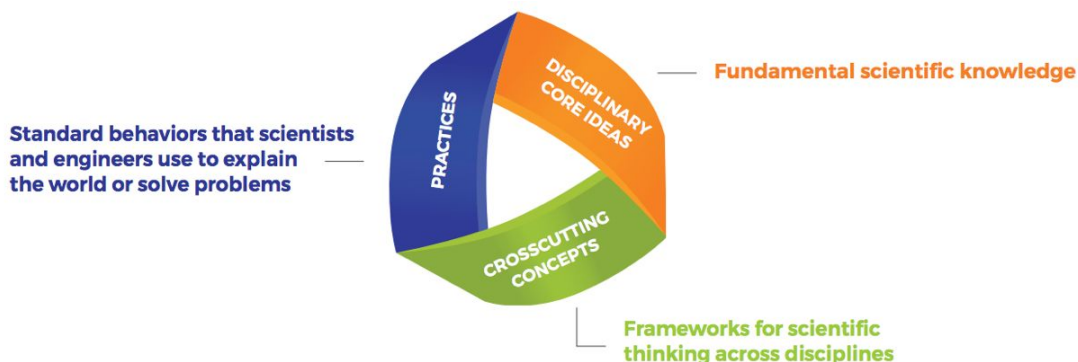
3. Learn how you can help the teacher(s) reinforce classroom instruction at home.

Next Generation Science Standards Performance Expectations (PEs)

Performance Expectations state what students should be able to do in order to demonstrate that they have met the standard, thus providing the same clear and specific targets for curriculum, instruction, and assessment.

Three Dimensional Learning (3D Learning)

The NGSS emphasizes three distinct, yet equally important dimensions that help students learn science. Each dimension is integrated into the NGSS and—combined—the three dimensions build a powerful foundation to help students build a cohesive understanding of science over time.



Dimension 1: Science and Engineering Practices (SEPs): *The practices describe behaviors that scientists engage in as they investigate and build models and theories about the natural world and the key set of engineering practices that engineers use as they design and build models and systems. This dimension emphasizes that engaging in scientific investigation requires not only skill but also knowledge that is specific to each practice.*

1. Asking questions (for science) and defining problems (for engineering)
2. Developing and using models

3. Planning and carrying out investigations
4. Analyzing and interpreting data
5. Using mathematics and computational thinking
6. Constructing explanations (for science) and designing solutions (for engineering)
7. Engaging in argument from evidence
8. Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information

Dimension 2: Crosscutting Concepts (CCCs): *Crosscutting concepts describe concepts that bridge disciplinary boundaries, having explanatory value throughout much of science and engineering. These crosscutting concepts have application across all domains of science; they are a way of linking the different domains of science. The Framework emphasizes that these concepts need to be made explicit for students because they provide an organizational schema for interrelating knowledge from various science fields into a coherent and scientifically based view of the world.*

1. Patterns
2. Cause and effect: Mechanism and explanation
3. Scale, proportion, and quantity
4. Systems and system models
5. Energy and matter: Flows, cycles, and conservation
6. Structure and function
7. Stability and change

Dimension 3: Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCIs): *Disciplinary core ideas have the power to focus K–12 science curriculum, instruction, and assessments on the most important aspects of science. To be considered core, the ideas met at least two of the following criteria and ideally all four:*

- *Have **broad importance** across multiple sciences or engineering disciplines or be a key organizing concept of a single discipline;*
- *Provide a **key tool** for understanding or investigating more complex ideas and solving problems;*
- *Relate to the **interests and life experiences of students** or be connected to societal or personal concerns that require scientific or technological knowledge;*
- *Be teachable and learnable over multiple grades at increasing levels of depth and sophistication.*
- *Disciplinary ideas are grouped in four major domains: physical sciences; the life sciences; the earth and space sciences; and engineering, technology and applications of science.*

Physical Sciences (PS)

- PS1: Matter and its interactions
- PS2: Motion and stability: Forces and interactions
- PS3: Energy
- PS4: Waves and their applications in technologies for information transfer

Life Sciences (LS)

- LS1: From molecules to organisms: Structures and processes
- LS2: Ecosystems: Interactions, energy, and dynamics
- LS3: Heredity: Inheritance and variation of traits
- LS4: Biological evolution: Unity and diversity

Earth and Space Sciences (ESS)

ESS1: Earth's place in the universe

ESS2: Earth's systems

ESS3: Earth and human activity

Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Science (ETS)

ETS1: Engineering design

ETS2: Links among engineering, technology, science, and society

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Parents please sign this page and return to the classroom teacher.

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Student's Name

Parent's/Guardian's Signature

Date

